

1. Let

$$\mathcal{B} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

be a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 . (a) Find \mathbf{x} if $[\mathbf{x}]_{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$. (b) Find $[\mathbf{y}]_{\mathcal{B}}$ if $\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

2. Let \mathcal{B} be the basis in Question 1, and

$$\mathcal{C} = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

be another basis for \mathbb{R}^3 .

(a) Find the matrix $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}}$. (b) Find $[\mathbf{z}]_{\mathcal{C}}$ if $[\mathbf{z}]_{\mathcal{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

3. Suppose $\mathcal{B} = \{\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_2, \mathbf{b}_3\}$ is a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 . Show that $\mathcal{C} = \{\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_1 + \mathbf{b}_2, \mathbf{b}_1 - \mathbf{b}_3\}$ is also a basis, and find the matrix $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}}$.

4. Find the dimension of the subspace H of \mathbb{R}^3 spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -6 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

5. Find the dimensions of $\text{Nul } A$ and $\text{Col } A$ for the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 & 3 & -2 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -3 & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Determine $\text{rank } A$, $\dim \text{Nul } A$, and a basis for the row space of A .

6. Let A be a 7×5 matrix with $\text{rank } 2$. Determine $\dim \text{Nul } A$ and $\text{rank } A^T$.

7. Consider the linear system $Ax = b$ such that A is 6×8 . Suppose A has rank 6.

- Is there any b such that the system is inconsistent?
- If there any b such that the system has a unique solution? (Explain your answer.)

8. Let $H = \{(a, b, c, d) : a - 3b + c = 0\}$.

- Show that H is a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^{1 \times 4}$.
- Find a basis for H , and hence deduce the dimension of H .

9. Let $W = \{a + bt + ct^2 + dt^3 : a - 3b + c = 0\}$.

- Show that W is a subspace of $\mathbb{P}_3(t)$.
- Find a basis for W .