

# The Counterfeit Coin Problem

Chi-Kwong Li  
Ferguson Professor of Mathematics  
The College of William and Mary

# Outline

- Describe a logic game on finding a counterfeit coin.

- Describe a logic game on finding a counterfeit coin.
- Explain the mathematics behind.

- Describe a logic game on finding a counterfeit coin.
- Explain the mathematics behind.
- Extend the method to other situations.

- Describe a logic game on finding a counterfeit coin.
- Explain the mathematics behind.
- Extend the method to other situations.
- Explore its connection to other problems.

# A Simple Problem

## Problem

Suppose 27 coins are given. One of them is fake and is lighter. Find the minimum number of weighting using a balance with two pans to find the fake coin.



# A Simple Problem

## Problem

Suppose 27 coins are given. One of them is fake and is lighter. Find the minimum number of weighting using a balance with two pans to find the fake coin.

**A Simpler Problem** What about 9 coins?





# A Simple Problem

## Problem

Suppose 27 coins are given. One of them is fake and is lighter. Find the minimum number of weighting using a balance with two pans to find the fake coin.

**A Simpler Problem** What about 9 coins?

**An Even Simpler Problem** What about 3 coins?



# A Simple Problem

## Problem

Suppose 27 coins are given. One of them is fake and is lighter. Find the minimum number of weighting using a balance with two pans to find the fake coin.

**A Simpler Problem** What about 9 coins?

**An Even Simpler Problem** What about 3 coins?



## Solution

If there are  $3^m$  coins, we need only  $m$  weightings.

# A Simple Problem

## Problem

Suppose 27 coins are given. One of them is fake and is lighter. Find the minimum number of weightings using a balance with two pans to find the fake coin.

**A Simpler Problem** What about 9 coins?

**An Even Simpler Problem** What about 3 coins?



## Solution

If there are  $3^m$  coins, we need only  $m$  weightings.

What if there are 8 coins?

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

More generally, if there are  $k$  coins with  $3^{m-1} < k \leq 3^m$ , then we need only  $m$  weightings.

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

More generally, if there are  $k$  coins with  $3^{m-1} < k \leq 3^m$ , then we need only  $m$  weightings.

**The general formula**  $\lceil \log_3(k) \rceil$ .

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

More generally, if there are  $k$  coins with  $3^{m-1} < k \leq 3^m$ , then we need only  $m$  weightings.

**The general formula**  $\lceil \log_3(k) \rceil$ .

**Deeper ideas** Tree diagram/graph. Divide and conquer algorithm.



**Table 1**

$k :$	1 – 3	4 – 9	10 – 27	28 – 81	82 – 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

More generally, if there are  $k$  coins with  $3^{m-1} < k \leq 3^m$ , then we need only  $m$  weightings.

**The general formula**  $\lceil \log_3(k) \rceil$ .

**Deeper ideas** Tree diagram/graph. Divide and conquer algorithm.

**Generalization** Suppose one has a three pan balance. Then one can find the fake coin out of  $k$  coins by  $m$  weightings with  $4^{m-1} < k \leq 4^m$ .

**Table 1**

$k :$	1 - 3	4 - 9	10 - 27	28 - 81	82 - 243
$m :$	1	2	3	4	5

More generally, if there are  $k$  coins with  $3^{m-1} < k \leq 3^m$ , then we need only  $m$  weightings.

**The general formula**  $\lceil \log_3(k) \rceil$ .

**Deeper ideas** Tree diagram/graph. Divide and conquer algorithm.

**Generalization** Suppose one has a three pan balance. Then one can find the fake coin out of  $k$  coins by  $m$  weightings with  $4^{m-1} < k \leq 4^m$ .

If there is a  $p$  pan balance then ....

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\} > \{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ , compare  $\{A1, A2, B1\}$  and  $\{A3, B2, C1\}$ .

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\} > \{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ , compare  $\{A1, A2, B1\}$  and  $\{A3, B2, C1\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} > \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{A1\}$  and  $\{A2\}$ .

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\} > \{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ , compare  $\{A1, A2, B1\}$  and  $\{A3, B2, C1\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} > \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{A1\}$  and  $\{A2\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} < \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{C1\}$  and  $\{A3\}$ .

# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\} > \{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ , compare  $\{A1, A2, B1\}$  and  $\{A3, B2, C1\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} > \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{A1\}$  and  $\{A2\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} < \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{C1\}$  and  $\{A3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} = \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{B3\}$  and  $\{B4\}$ .



# A More Difficult Problem

Suppose 12 coins are given such that one of them has a different weight. Use three weightings to find the different coin, and determine whether it is heavier or lighter.

## Solution

Compare  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\}$  and  $\{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ .

- If equal, compare  $\{A1, A2, A3\}$  and  $\{C1, C2, C3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, A3, A4\} > \{B1, B2, B3, B4\}$ , compare  $\{A1, A2, B1\}$  and  $\{A3, B2, C1\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} > \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{A1\}$  and  $\{A2\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} < \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{C1\}$  and  $\{A3\}$ .
- If  $\{A1, A2, B1\} = \{A3, B2, C1\}$ , then compare  $\{B3\}$  and  $\{B4\}$ .

**What if there are 13 coins?**

# More challenging problems

- How many weightings is needed to find a different coin from  $k$  given coins.

# More challenging problems

- How many weightings is needed to find a different coin from  $k$  given coins.
- What if there are two lighter / different coins?

# More challenging problems

- How many weightings is needed to find a different coin from  $k$  given coins.
- What if there are two lighter / different coins?
- What if there are three lighter / different coins?

# More challenging problems

- How many weightings is needed to find a different coin from  $k$  given coins.
- What if there are two lighter / different coins?
- What if there are three lighter / different coins?

**The end!**